In the Claims:

Please enter the claim amendments as shown. The claim listing is as follows, replacing all previously presented listings.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A fuzzy distance transform-based computational method for analyzing digital images defining a volumetric region of an object from an image comprising: (a) obtaining an image of the targeted object; (b) finding a plurality of points in the image to generate a fuzzy subset and calculating the a fuzzy distance transform (FDT) of the fuzzy subset; and (c) compiling a report or revised image based upon the FDT calculations.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the calculating step comprises assigning to a point in the fuzzy subset its respective fuzzy distance from a complement of a support of the fuzzy subset.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the support comprises a set of all points in the fuzzy subset with a value greater than or equal to a support value.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the FDT is in digital cubic space.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, further comprising the <u>a</u> step of sampling FDT values along the medial axis of the support of the fuzzy subset to estimate regional target object thickness distribution.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the target object comprises bone marrow space, cortical bone, blood vessels or lung airways.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein FDT is computed in digital cubic space of resolution of target object thickness or smaller.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the target object is in or from an animal or human subject.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the image is obtained by magnetic resonance or computed tomography.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 1, whereby FDT values are sampled along the a medial axis directly computed from the fuzzy subset.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the FDT is in digital cubic space.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the target object comprises bone marrow space, cortical bone, blood vessels or lung airways.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein FDT is computed in digital cubic space of resolution of target object thickness or smaller.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the targetted targeted object is in or from an animal or human subject.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the image is obtained by magnetic resonance or computed tomography.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising applying one or more additional steps consisting of skeletonizing, feature extracting; analyzing morphological or shape-based object, computing regional object depth; calculating average or regional object thickness distribution; and local scaling.
- 17. (Currently Amended) A fuzzy distance transform-based computational method for evaluating or diagnosing bone disease in a subject by analyzing digital images defining at least one volumetric region of bone from or in said the subject, said the method comprising: (a) obtaining an image of targeted bone region; (b) finding a plurality of points in the image to generate a fuzzy subset and calculating the a fuzzy distance transform (FDT) of the fuzzy subset; and (c) compiling a report or revised image based upon the FDT calculations.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the calculating step comprises assigning to a point in the fuzzy subset its respective fuzzy distance from a complement of a support of the fuzzy subset.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the support comprises a set of all points in the fuzzy subset with a value greater than or equal to a support value.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the FDT is in digital cubic space.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, further comprising the <u>a</u> step of sampling FDT values along the medial axis of the support of the fuzzy subset to estimate regional target object thickness distribution.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, further comprising selecting a therapy based on the diagnosis or evaluation of bone disease in the subject.

- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22, further comprising administering said therapy to said the subject.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 23, wherein said the evaluation further comprises monitoring the <u>a</u> progression or regression of bone disease in the subject, during or at one or more times after administering said the selected therapy.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A dynamic programming-based algorithm <u>operating on a computer</u> to compute fuzzy distance transform (FDT) by means of a plurality of points in an image of a target object used to generate a fuzzy subset <u>on computer readable medium</u>, and to calculate the FDT of the fuzzy subset, said the FDT terminating in a finite number of steps.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The algorithm <u>operating on a computer</u> of claim 25, further comprising a means for assigning to a point in the fuzzy subset its respective fuzzy distance from a complement of a support of the fuzzy subset.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The algorithm <u>operating on a computer</u> of claim 26, wherein the support comprises a set of all points in the fuzzy subset with a value greater than or equal to a support value.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The algorithm <u>operating on a computer</u> of claim 27, wherein the FDT is in digital cubic space.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-based</u> system for analyzing digital images by a fuzzy distance transform-based computational method comprising:
 - a means for obtaining an image of a target object a means for defining a volumetric region of an object from an the image;
 - a means for finding a plurality of points in the image to generate a fuzzy subset; and a means for calculating the <u>a</u> fuzzy distance transform (FDT) of the fuzzy subset; and means for reporting same or for providing a revised image based upon the FDT calculations.
- 30. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer-based</u> device for analyzing digital images by a fuzzy distance transform-based computational method comprising:: :
 - a computer-readable signal-bearing medium;

- means in the medium for acquiring or reading a 3D image of at least one volumetric region of a target object;
- means in the medium for identifying a plurality of points in the image to generate a fuzzy subset; and
- a-means in the medium for calculating the <u>a</u> fuzzy distance transform (FDT) of the fuzzy subset.